SECTION 1  PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Delo ELC Advanced Antifreeze/Coolant - Concentrate

Product Use: Heavy Duty Coolant
Product Number(s): 227818
Company Identification
Productos Chevron México S. de R.L. de C.V.
Oriente 171 Núm. 401
Col. San Juan de Aragón Ampliación
Delegación Gustavo A. Madero C.P. 07470
Mexico

Transportation Emergency Response
CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887
Mexico - SETIQ: 01 800 00 214 00 y 55 59 15 88 (D.F.)
Health Emergency
Chevron Emergency & Information Center: Located in the USA. International collect calls accepted. (800) 231-0623 or (510) 231-0623
Product Information
email : ordenesmexico@chevron.com
SDS Requests: 01 (800) 711-8772

SECTION 2  HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION


Signal Word: Warning

Health Hazards: Harmful if swallowed (H302).

Target Organs: May cause damage to organs (Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure (H373).

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:
Prevention: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/ vapours/spray (P260). Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product (P270). Wash thoroughly after handling (P264).
Response: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell (P301+P312). Rinse mouth (P330). Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell (P314).
Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations (P501).
SECTION 3  COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMPONENTS</th>
<th>CAS NUMBER</th>
<th>AMOUNT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene glycol</td>
<td>107-21-1</td>
<td>80 - 98 %weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Benzoate; Benzoic acid, sodium salt</td>
<td>532-32-1</td>
<td>1 - 5 %weight</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4  FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye: No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove contact lenses, if worn, and flush eyes with water.

Skin: No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if contaminated. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.

Ingestion: If swallowed, get immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: No specific first aid measures are required. If exposed to excessive levels of material in the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or respiratory discomfort occurs.

SECTION 5  FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Dry Chemical, CO2, Aqueous Film Forming Foam (AFFF) or alcohol resistant foam.

PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS:

Fire Fighting Instructions: This material will burn although it is not easily ignited. See Section 7 for proper handling and storage. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

Combustion Products: Highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion. Combustion may form oxides of: Sodium.

SECTION 6  ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Protective Measures: Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spilled material.

Spill Management: Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.

Reporting: Report spills to local authorities as appropriate or required.

SECTION 7  HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Handling Information: Do not taste or swallow antifreeze or solution. Keep out of the reach of children and animals.

Precautionary Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Do not breathe vapor or fumes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep out of the reach of children.

Static Hazard: Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary but may not, by themselves, be sufficient. Review all operations which have the potential of generating and accumulating an electrostatic charge and/or a flammable atmosphere (including tank and container filling, splash filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, and vacuum truck operations) and use appropriate mitigating procedures.

Container Warnings: Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it
may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or disposed of properly.

**General Storage Information**: Do not store in open or unlabeled containers.

### SECTION 8  EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:** Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 2), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below the recommended exposure limits. Use in a well-ventilated area.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**

**Eye/Face Protection**: No special eye protection is normally required. Where splashing is possible, wear safety glasses with side shields as a good safety practice.

**Skin Protection**: No special protective clothing is normally required. Where splashing is possible, select protective clothing depending on operations conducted, physical requirements and other substances in the workplace. Suggested materials for protective gloves include: Natural rubber, Neoprene, Nitrile Rubber, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC or Vinyl).

**Respiratory Protection**: Determine if airborne concentrations are below the recommended occupational exposure limits for jurisdiction of use. If airborne concentrations are above the acceptable limits, wear an approved respirator that provides adequate protection from this material, such as: Air-Purifying Respirator for Organic Vapors, Dusts and Mists.

Use a positive pressure air-supplying respirator in circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Occupational Exposure Limits:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Country/Agency</th>
<th>Form</th>
<th>TWA</th>
<th>STEL</th>
<th>Ceiling</th>
<th>Notation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene glycol</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>Inhalable aerosol</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene glycol</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>Vapor fraction</td>
<td>25 ppm</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene glycol</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>.01 ppm</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>Skin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene glycol</td>
<td>Mexico</td>
<td>Aerosol</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>100 mg/m³</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene glycol</td>
<td>Mexico</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>100 mg/m³</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Consult local authorities for appropriate values.

### SECTION 9  PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Attention**: the data below are typical values and do not constitute a specification.

**Appearance**

- **Color**: Red
Physical State: Liquid
Odor: No data available
Odor Threshold: No data available
pH: 8.60 (Typical)
Melting Point: No data available
Freezing Point: -18°C (-0.4°F) (Typical)
Boiling Point: 177°C (350.6°F) (Minimum)
Flashpoint: (Pensky-Martens Closed Cup) 122 °C (252 °F) (Estimated)
Flammability (solid, gas): Not Applicable
Flammability (Explosive) Limits (% by volume in air):
   Lower: No data available   Upper: No data available
Vapor Pressure: No data available
Vapor Density (Air = 1): No data available
Density: 1.1260 kg/l @ 15°C (59°F) (Typical)
Specific Gravity: 1.1250 - 1.1290 @ 15.6°C (60°F)
Solubility: Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature: Not Applicable
Decomposition temperature: No data available
Viscosity: 24.40 mm²/s @ 20°C (68°F) (Minimum)
Evaporation Rate: No data available

SECTION 10  STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: May react with strong acids or strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, etc.
Chemical Stability: This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.
Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Incompatibility With Other Materials: Not applicable
Hazardous Decomposition Products: Aldehydes (Elevated temperatures), Ketones (Elevated temperatures)

SECTION 11  TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

IMMEDIATE HEALTH EFFECTS
Eye: Not expected to cause prolonged or significant eye irritation.
Eye Irritation: The eye irritation hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

Skin: Contact with the skin is not expected to cause prolonged or significant irritation. Contact with the skin is not expected to cause an allergic skin response. Not expected to be harmful to internal organs if absorbed through the skin.
Acute Dermal Toxicity: The acute dermal toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.
Skin Irritation: The skin irritation hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.
Skin Sensitization: The skin sensitization hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

Ingestion: Toxic; may be harmful or fatal if swallowed.
Acute Oral Toxicity: The acute oral toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

Inhalation: Breathing this material at concentrations above the recommended exposure limits may cause central nervous system effects. Central nervous system effects may include headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting, weakness, loss of coordination, blurred vision, drowsiness, confusion, or disorientation. At extreme exposures, central nervous system effects may include respiratory depression, tremors or convulsions, loss of consciousness, coma or death.
Acute Inhalation Toxicity: The acute inhalation toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.
**Acute Toxicity Estimate (oral):** 1690 mg/kg

**DELAYED OR OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS:**
**Target Organs:** Contains material that may cause damage to the following organ(s) following repeated inhalation at concentrations above the recommended exposure limit: Kidney. See Section 11 for additional information. Risk depends on duration and level of exposure.

**ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION:**
This product contains ethylene glycol (EG). The toxicity of EG via inhalation or skin contact is expected to be slight at room temperature. The estimated oral lethal dose is about 100 cc (3.3 oz.) for an adult human. Ethylene glycol is oxidized to oxalic acid which results in the deposition of calcium oxalate crystals mainly in the brain and kidneys. Early signs and symptoms of EG poisoning may resemble those of alcohol intoxication. Later, the victim may experience nausea, vomiting, weakness, abdominal and muscle pain, difficulty in breathing and decreased urine output. When EG was heated above the boiling point of water, vapors formed which reportedly caused unconsciousness, increased lymphocyte count, and a rapid, jerky movement of the eyes in persons chronically exposed. When EG was administered orally to pregnant rats and mice, there was an increase in fetal deaths and birth defects. Some of these effects occurred at doses that had no toxic effects on the mothers. We are not aware of any reports that EG causes reproductive toxicity in human beings.

**SECTION 12 ECOCLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**ECOTOXICITY**
This material is not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

**MOBILITY**
No data available.

**PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY**
This material is expected to be readily biodegradable. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

**POTENTIAL TO BIOACCUMULATE**
Bioconcentration Factor: No data available.
Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient: No data available

**SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**
Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. This material, if it must be discarded, may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by international, country, or local laws and regulations.

**SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**
The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations, for additional description requirements (e.g., technical name) and mode-specific or quantity-specific shipping requirements.

**DOT Shipping Description:** PROPRIETARY ANTIFREEZE PREPARATION IN NON-BULK PACKAGING; NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT UNDER 49 CFR
Additional Information: Bulk shipments containing a reportable quantity (RQ, 5000 pounds or more) of ethylene glycol in a single packaging are transported as hazardous material. The shipping description is: UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (ETHYLENE GLYCOL CONTAINS...
BITTERANT), 9, III, RQ (ETHYLENE GLYCOL)

**IMO/IMDG Shipping Description:** NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORTATION UNDER THE IMDG CODE

**ICAO/IATA Shipping Description:** NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORTATION UNDER ICAO TI OR IATA DGR

### SECTION 15  REGULATORY INFORMATION

**REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED:**
01-1=IARC Group 1  
01-2A=IARC Group 2A  
01-2B=IARC Group 2B

No components of this material were found on the regulatory lists above.

**CHEMICAL INVENTORIES:**
All components comply with the following chemical inventory requirements: AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), ENCS (Japan), IECSC (China), KECI (Korea), PICCS (Philippines), TSCA (United States).

### SECTION 16  OTHER INFORMATION

**REVISION STATEMENT:**  SECTION 01 - Company MSDS Address information was modified.  
SECTION 01 - Health Emergency information was modified.  
SECTION 01 - Transportation Emergency Response information was modified.  
SECTION 02 - Pictogram information was modified.  
SECTION 03 - Composition information was modified.  
SECTION 07 - Precautionary Measures information was modified.  
SECTION 08 - Engineering Control Measures information was modified.  
SECTION 08 - General Considerations information was modified.  
SECTION 08 - Occupational Exposure Limit Table information was modified.  
SECTION 09 - Physical/Chemical Properties information was modified.  
SECTION 11 - Additional Toxicology Information information was modified.  
SECTION 12 - Ecological Information information was modified.  
SECTION 13 - Disposal Considerations information was modified.  
SECTION 14 - DOT Classification information was modified.  
SECTION 15 - Chemical Inventories information was modified.

**Revision Date:** April 01, 2020

The information is considered correct, but not exhaustive and is to be used only as guidance, which is based on the current knowledge on the chemical substance or mixture and is applicable to the appropriate safety precautions for the product.

**ABBREVIATIONS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN USED IN THIS DOCUMENT:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TLV</td>
<td>Threshold Limit Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>Short-term Exposure Limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>Time Weighted Average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>Permissible Exposure Limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS</td>
<td>Chemical Abstract Service Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMO/IMDG</td>
<td>International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>API</td>
<td>American Petroleum Institute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CVX</td>
<td>Chevron</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOT</td>
<td>Department of Transportation (USA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IARC</td>
<td>International Agency for Research on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSDS</td>
<td>Material Safety Data Sheet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NFFPA</td>
<td>National Fire Protection Association (USA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NTP</td>
<td>National Toxicology Program (USA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>Occupational Safety and Health</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Revision Number: 1  
Revision Date: April 01, 2020  
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Delo ELC Advanced Antifreeze/Coolant - Concentrate  
SDS: 49253
Prepared according to the Mexican Official Standard (NOM-018-STPS-2015) by Chevron Energy Technology Company, 6001 Bollinger Canyon Road, San Ramon, CA 94583.

The above information is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modifications of the information, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.