

# **Safety Data Sheet**

# SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL AND OF THE SUPPLIER

# Delo Silver SAE 30, 40, 50, 10W-30, 15W-40, 20W-50

Product Use: Heavy Duty Motor Oil

Product Number(s): 219930, 500548, 500549, 500551, 500587, 500588, 500589

Company Identification Chevron Malaysia Limited Level 3, Menara Milenium

8, Jalan Damanlela, Bukit Damansara

Kuala Lumpur 50490

Malaysia

## **Transportation Emergency Response**

Malaysia: 1800-88-3188 **Health Emergency** 

Chevron Emergency & Information Center: Located in the USA. International collect calls accepted. (800)

231-0623 or (510) 231-0623

**Product Information** 

Product Information: 1800-88-3188

## SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **CLASSIFICATION:**

Not classified as hazardous according to Malaysian regulatory guidelines.

# SECTION 3 COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS OF HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL

COMPONENTS	CAS NUMBER	AMOUNT
Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Mixture	70 - 99 %weight
Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate	68649-42-3	0 - < 2 %weight
Branched alkylphenol	74499-35-7	0 - < 0.3 %weight

## SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

## Description of first aid measures

**Eye:** No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove contact lenses, if worn, and flush eyes with water.

**Skin:** No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if contaminated. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.

**Ingestion:** No specific first aid measures are required. Do not induce vomiting. As a precaution, get medical advice.

**Inhalation:** No specific first aid measures are required. If exposed to excessive levels of material in the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or respiratory discomfort

 Revision Number:
 12
 1 of 8
 Delo Silver SAE 30, 40, 50, 10W-30, 15W-40, 20W-50

 Revision Date:
 July 08, 2024
 15W-40, 20W-50

15W-40, 20W-50 SDS: 13245MYS occurs. If exposure to hydrogen sulfide (H2S) gas is possible during an emergency, wear an approved, positive pressure air-supplying respirator. Move the exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed IMMEDIATE HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye: Not expected to cause prolonged or significant eye irritation.

**Skin:** Contact with the skin is not expected to cause prolonged or significant irritation. Contact with the skin is not expected to cause an allergic skin response. Not expected to be harmful to internal organs if absorbed through the skin.

**Ingestion:** Not expected to be harmful if swallowed.

**Inhalation:** Not expected to be harmful if inhaled. Contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. May cause respiratory irritation or other pulmonary effects following prolonged or repeated inhalation of oil mist at airborne levels above the recommended mineral oil mist exposure limit. Symptoms of respiratory irritation may include coughing and difficulty breathing. Hydrogen sulfide has a strong rotten-egg odor. However, with continued exposure and at high levels, H2S may deaden a person's sense of smell. If the rotten egg odor is no longer noticeable, it may not necessarily mean that exposure has stopped. At low levels, hydrogen sulfide causes irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat. Moderate levels can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, and vomiting, as well as coughing and difficulty breathing. Higher levels can cause shock, convulsions, coma, and death. After a serious exposure, symptoms usually begin immediately.

The U.S. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) considers air concentrations of hydrogen sulfide gas greater than 100 ppm to be Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health (IDLH).

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Note to Physicians:

Administration of 100% oxygen and supportive care is the preferred treatment for poisoning by hydrogen sulfide gas. For additional information on H2S, see Chevron SDS No. 301.

## **SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

## PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS:

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** This material will burn although it is not easily ignited. See Section 7 for proper handling and storage. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. **Combustion Products:** Highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion. Combustion may form oxides of: Magnesium, Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Sulfur, Zinc.

# **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:** Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spilled material. Keep out unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Persons entering the contaminated area to correct the problem or to determine whether it is safe to resume normal activities must comply with all instructions in the Exposure Controls/PersonalProtection section.

**Environmental Precautions:** Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater.

 Revision Number: 12
 2 of 8
 Delo Silver SAE 30, 40, 50, 10W-30, 15W-40, 20W-50

 Revision Date: July 08, 2024
 15W-40, 20W-50

 SDS: 13245MYS
 13245MYS

**Methods and Material For Containment and Cleaning Up:** Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable requirements. Place other contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable requirements. Report spills to local authorities as appropriate or required.

## **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**General Handling Information:** Avoid contaminating soil or releasing this material into sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water.

**Precautionary Measures:** Do not breathe gas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep out of the reach of children.

**Unusual Handling Hazards:** Toxic quantities of hydrogen sulfide (H2S) may be present in storage tanks and bulk transport vessels which contain or have contained this material. Persons opening or entering these compartments should first determine if H2S is present. See Exposure Controls/Personal Protection -Section 8. Do not attempt rescue of a person over exposed to H2S without wearing approved suppliedair or self-contained breathing equipment. If there is a potential for exceeding one-half the occupational exposure standard, monitoring of hydrogen sulfide levels is required. Since the sense of smell cannot be relied upon to detect the presence of H2S, the concentration should be measured by the use of fixed or portable devices.

**Static Hazard:** Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary but may not, by themselves, be sufficient. Review all operations which have the potential of generating and accumulating an electrostatic charge and/or a flammable atmosphere (including tank and container filling, splash filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, and vacuum truck operations) and use appropriate mitigating procedures.

**Container Warnings:** Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or disposed of properly.

## **SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

# **GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:**

Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 2), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the workplace when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment (PPE). If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, refer to PPE information below.

Factors that affect PPE include, but are not limited to: properties of the chemical, other chemicals which may contact the same PPE, physical requirements (fit & sizing, cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection, etc.), and potential allergic reactions to the PPE material. It is the responsibility of the user to read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances. Refer to appropriate CEN standards.

### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Use in a well-ventilated area.

## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

 Revision Number:
 12
 3 of 8
 Delo Silver SAE 30, 40, 50, 10W-30, 15W-40, 20W-50

 Revision Date:
 July 08, 2024
 15W-40, 20W-50

**SDS**: 13245MYS

Eye/Face Protection: Wear protective equipment to prevent eye contact. Selection of protective equipment may include safety glasses, chemical goggles, face shields, or a combination depending on the work operations conducted.

Skin Protection: Wear chemical personal protective equipment (PPE) to prevent skin contact. Selection of chemical protective clothing should be performed by an Occupational Hygienist or Safety Professional and be based upon applicable standards (ASTM F739 or EN 374). Using chemical PPE depends upon operations conducted and may include chemical gloves, boots, chemical apron, chemical suit, and complete facial protection. Refer to PPE manufacturers to obtain breakthrough time information to determine how long PPE can be used before it needs to be replaced. Unless specific glove manufacturer data indicates otherwise, the below table is based upon available industry data to assist in the glove selection process and is intended to be used as reference only.

Chemical Glove Material	Thickness (mm)	Typical Breakthrough Time (minutes)
Butyl	0.7	120
Nitrile	0.8	240
Viton Butyl	0.3	240

Respiratory Protection: No respiratory protection is normally required. If material is heated and emits hydrogen sulfide, determine if airborne concentrations are below the occupational exposure limit for hydrogen sulfide. If not, wear an approved positive pressure air-supplying respirator. For more information on hydrogen sulfide, see Chevron SDS No. 301. If user operations generate an oil mist, determine if airborne concentrations are below the occupational exposure limit for mineral oil mist. If not, wear an approved respirator that provides adequate protection from the measured concentrations of this material. For air-purifying respirators use a particulate cartridge.

Use a positive pressure air-supplying respirator in circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

## **Occupational Exposure Limits:**

Component	Agency	Form	TWA	STEL	Ceiling	Notation
Highly refined mineral oil (C15 -	Malaysia		5 mg/m3			
C50)			-			

Consult local authorities for appropriate values.

## SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Attention: the data below are typical values and do not constitute a specification.

Color: Amber

Physical State: Liquid **Odor:** Petroleum odor

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Vapor Pressure: No data available Relative Vapor Density: No data available

**Boiling Point:** No data available Boiling Range: No data available

Soluble in hydrocarbons; insoluble in water Solubility:

Freezing Point: No data available Melting Point: No data available Particle Characteristics: Not applicable **Density:** 0.871 kg/l - 0.901 kg/l @ 15°C (59°F)

**Revision Number: 12** Delo Silver SAE 30, 40, 50, 10W-30,

15W-40, 20W-50 **SDS**: 13245MYS Kinematic Viscosity: 11.2 mm2/s - 20.1 mm2/s @ 100°C (212°F)

Coefficient of Therm. Expansion / °F: No data available

**Evaporation Rate:** No data available

Decomposition temperature: No data available

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (logarithmic value): No data available

# **FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES:**

Flashpoint: (Cleveland Open Cup) 200 °C (392 °F) (Minimum)

**Autoignition:** No data available

Flammability (Explosive) Limits (% by volume in air): Lower: No data available Upper: No data

available

### SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: May react with strong acids or strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides,

Chemical Stability: This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Incompatibility With Other Materials: Not applicable

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Alkyl Mercaptans (Elevated temperatures), Hydrogen Sulfide

(Elevated temperatures)

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# **SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **IMMEDIATE HEALTH EFFECTS**

**Eye Irritation:** The material is not considered an eye irritant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Skin Irritation: The material is not considered a skin irritant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Skin Sensitization: The material is not considered a skin sensitizer. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Acute Dermal Toxicity: The material is not considered a dermal toxicant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Acute Oral Toxicity: The material is not considered an oral toxicant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Acute Inhalation Toxicity: The material is not considered an inhalation toxicant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Acute Toxicity Estimate: Not Determined

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: The material is not considered a mutagen. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Carcinogenicity: The material is not considered a carcinogen. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Reproductive Toxicity: The material is not considered a reproductive toxicant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: The material is not considered a target organ toxicant (single exposure). The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Revision Number: 12** 5 of 8 Delo Silver SAE 30, 40, 50, 10W-30, Revision Date: July 08, 2024 15W-40, 20W-50

**SDS**: 13245MYS

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure: The material is not considered a target organ toxicant (repeated exposure). The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Aspiration Hazard:** The material is not considered an aspiration hazard.

## ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION:

During use in engines, contamination of oil with low levels of cancer-causing combustion products occurs. Used motor oils have been shown to cause skin cancer in mice following repeated application and continuous exposure. Brief or intermittent skin contact with used motor oil is not expected to have serious effects in humans if the oil is thoroughly removed by washing with soap and water.

This product contains petroleum base oils which may be refined by various processes including severe solvent extraction, severe hydrocracking, or severe hydrotreating. None of the oils requires a cancer warning under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). These oils have not been listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Annual Report nor have they been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as; carcinogenic to humans (Group 1), probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A), or possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).

These oils have not been classified by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) as: confirmed human carcinogen (A1), suspected human carcinogen (A2), or confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans (A3).

Tetrapropenyl phenol (TPP), also known as dodecyl phenol, was tested in a rat oral gavage onegeneration reproductive toxicity study (doses of 0, 5, 25, or 125 mg/kg/day) and a rat dietary twogeneration reproductive toxicity study (doses of 0, 1.5, 15, or 75 mg/kg/day). Results from the onegeneration study demonstrated reduced ovary weights and changes in male reproductive accessory organs (decreased organ weights, decreased secretions, and decreased epididymal sperm concentrations) at 25 mg/kg/day; 5 mg/kg/day was identified as the No Observed Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL). Results from the two-generation study demonstrated prolonged estrous cyclicity, reduced ovary weights, accelerated sexual maturation, decreased mean live litter size, decreased fertility rates, hypospermia, and reduced weights in male reproductive accessory organs at 75 mg/kg/day; 15 mg/kg/day was identified as the NOAEL.

Evaluation of these two primary studies of TPP (one- & two-generation reproductive toxicity studies), as well as supporting data from additional in-vivo & in-vitro studies of both TPP and substances containing TPP & TPP/calcium salts as an impurity resulted in a classification of TPP as a Category 1B under the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System and Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (presumed reproductive hazard to humans).

The studies were also evaluated to identify a valid & reliable specific concentration limit (SCL) for reproductive effects, below which reproductive toxicity would not be expected to occur. An SCL of 1.5 wt% TPP & TPP/calcium salts was derived based on the identified NOAEL from the rat dietary twogeneration reproductive toxicity study, and confirmed by supporting studies of substances containing TPP as an impurity.

## **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **ECOTOXICITY**

This material is not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

**Revision Number: 12** 6 of 8 Delo Silver SAE 30, 40, 50, 10W-30, Revision Date: July 08, 2024 15W-40, 20W-50

**SDS**: 13245MYS

#### **MOBILITY**

No data available.

### PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

## POTENTIAL TO BIOACCUMULATE

Bioconcentration Factor: No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (logarithmic value): No data available

# **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL INFORMATION**

Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. Oil collection services are available for used oil recycling or disposal. Place contaminated materials in containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations. Contact your sales representative or local environmental or health authorities for approved disposal or recycling methods.

# **SECTION 14 TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations, for additional description requirements (e.g., technical name) and mode-specific or quantity-specific shipping requirements.

**UN Shipping Description:** NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT UNDER THE UNITED NATIONS MODEL REGULATIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

**IMO/IMDG Shipping Description:** NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT UNDER THE IMDG CODE

ICAO/IATA Shipping Description: NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT UNDER ICAO

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code: Not applicable

# SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

## **REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED:**

01-1=IARC Group 1 01-2A=IARC Group 2A 01-2B=IARC Group 2B

No components of this material were found on the regulatory lists above.

## **CHEMICAL INVENTORIES:**

All components comply with the following chemical inventory requirements: AIIC (Australia), DSL (Canada), ENCS (Japan), IECSC (China), KECI (Korea), NZIoC (New Zealand), PICCS (Philippines), TCSI (Taiwan), TSCA (United States).

One or more components is listed on ELINCS (European Union). All other components are listed or

 Revision Number:
 12
 7 of 8
 Delo Silver SAE 30, 40, 50, 10W-30, 15W-40, 20W-50

 Revision Date:
 July 08, 2024
 15W-40, 20W-50

 SDS:
 13245MYS

## **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

### **REVISION STATEMENT:**

SECTION 05 - Fire Fighters Protection Measures information was modified.

SECTION 06 - Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures information was

SECTION 08 - Skin Protection information was modified.

SECTION 09 - Physical/Chemical Properties information was modified.

SECTION 14 - IMO Classification information was added.

Revision Date: July 08, 2024

# ABBREVIATIONS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN USED IN THIS DOCUMENT:

TLV - Threshold Limit Value	TWA - Time Weighted Average	
STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit	PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit	
	CAS - Chemical Abstract Service Number	
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental	IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods	
Industrial Hygienists	Code	
API - American Petroleum Institute	SDS - Safety Data Sheet	
CVX - Chevron	NFPA - National Fire Protection Association (USA)	
DOT - Department of Transportation (USA)	NTP - National Toxicology Program (USA)	
IARC - International Agency for Research on	OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration	
Cancer		

Prepared according to the Malaysia Industry Code of Practice on Chemicals Classification and Hazard Communication 2019 by Chevron.

The information in this SDS is based on the knowledge, information, and belief of Chevron and its affiliates as of the publication date. It is not a quality specification, and no warranty, express or implied, is given. We assume no responsibility or liability for the results of using this material. The information presented here pertains only to the listed product. Since conditions of use are beyond our control, it is the user's responsibility to determine the conditions for safe use of this product and assess its suitability for their application. Users should seek additional guidance if necessary.

**Revision Number: 12** 8 of 8 Delo Silver SAE 30, 40, 50, 10W-30, Revision Date: July 08, 2024

15W-40, 20W-50 **SDS**: 13245MYS